

# Leading Innovative Quality Improvement in the Capricious Healthcare System: The Role of the DNP

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August 11, 2021

# Disclosure

This speaker has no relevant financial relationships with commercial interests to disclose

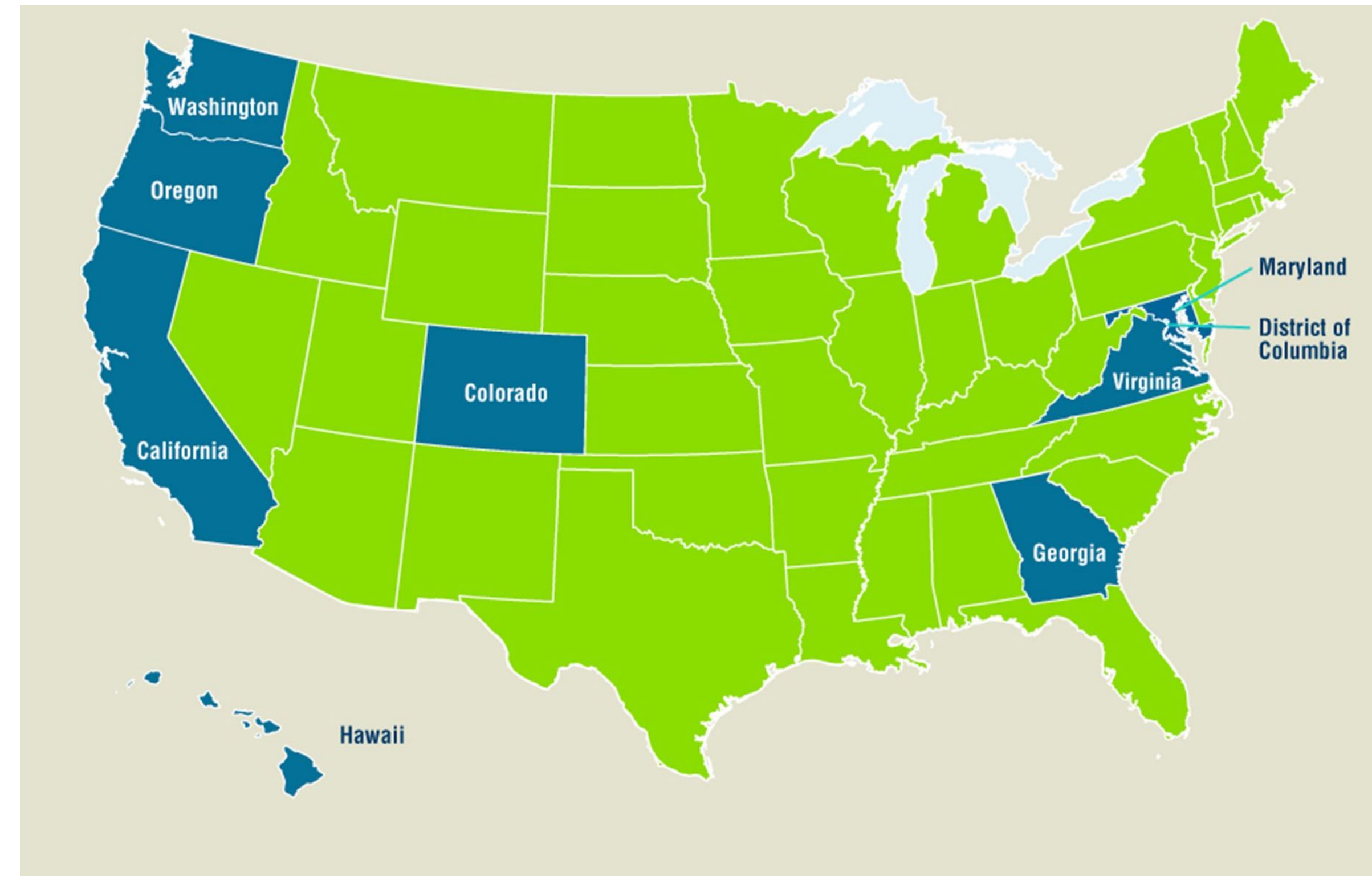
# Objectives

- *Understand the importance of standard work*
- *Introduce a pathway for efficient decision making*
- *Improvement methodology used in a large integrated healthcare system*
- *How to make Quality improvement projects fun and engaging*

# Kaiser Permanente was Founded in 1945

The entities that comprise Kaiser Permanente are:

- Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH)
- The Permanente Medical Groups (PMG)
- The Kaiser Foundation Health Plan (KPHP) and its subsidiary health plans





# What do you think of when someone says Quality?



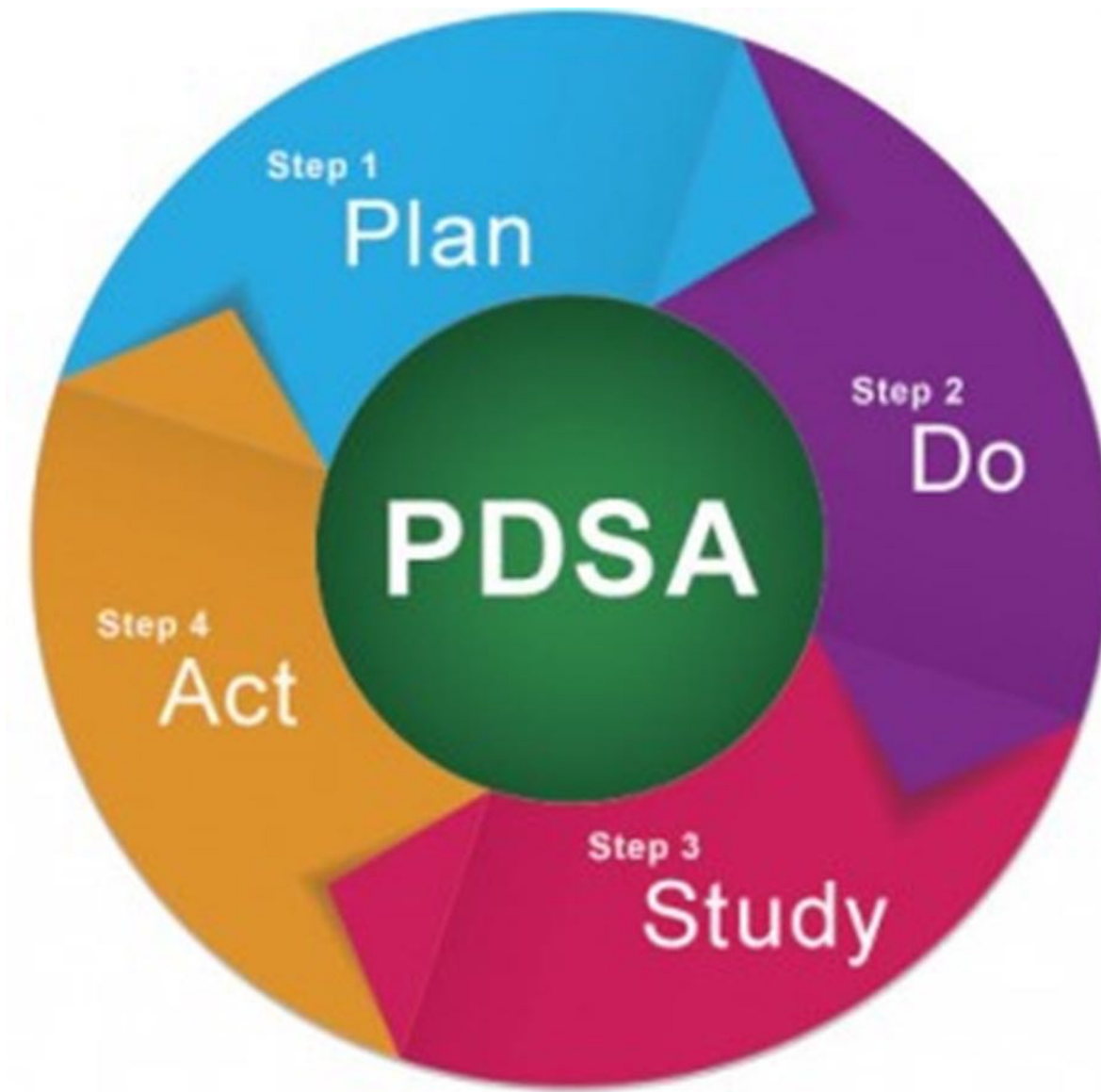




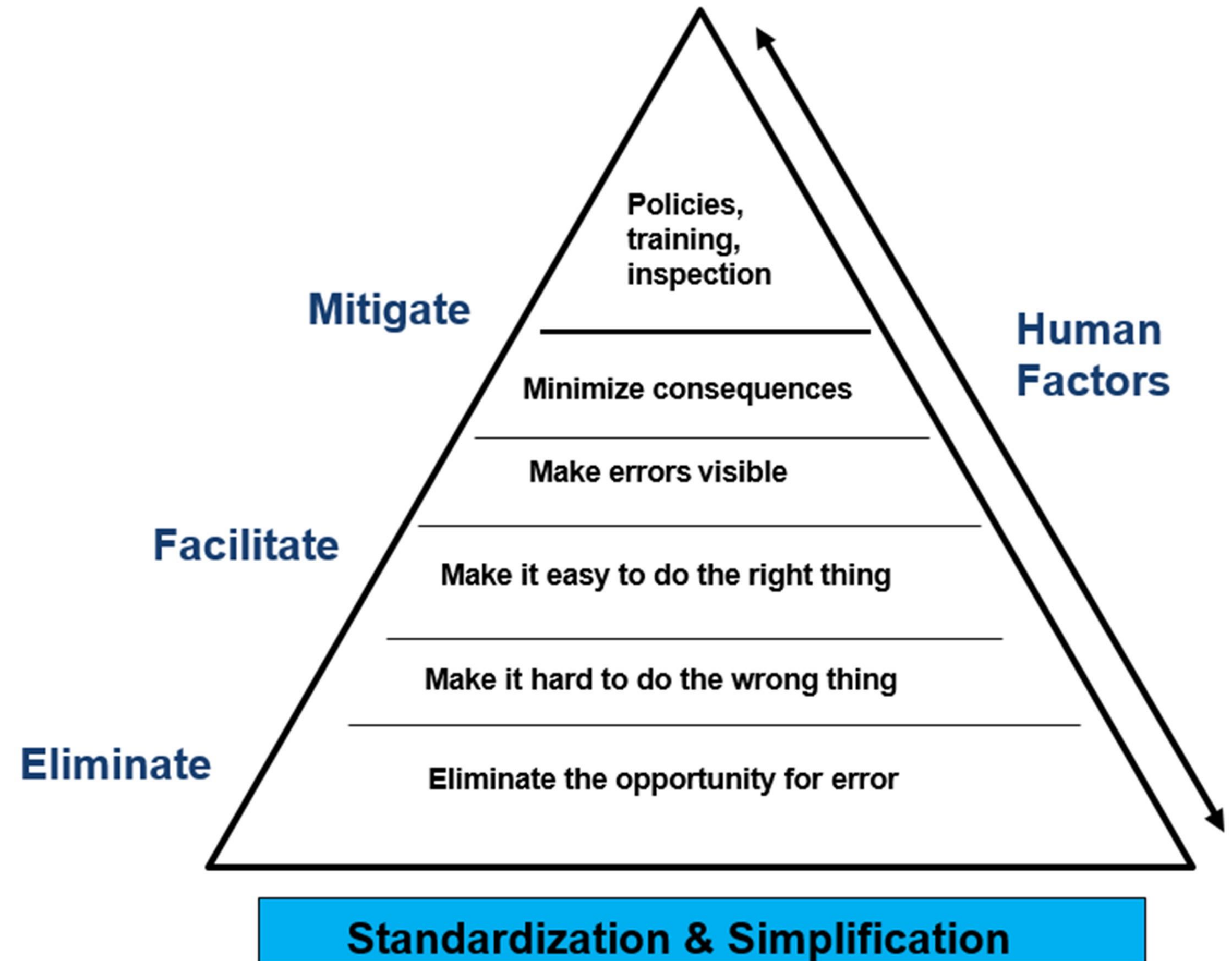
**Performance Improvement can help  
us improve quality while reducing  
variation, errors, and costs**



# Different types of Quality improvement



The idea is to put ***evidenced-based practices*** in place that will address the root cause of your problem/issue and to make it the ***standard way to do work for now*** until a better practice is discovered, tested, and implemented.





# Kaiser Permanente Improvement Institute

The Improvement Institute delivers a **complementary suite of offerings** aimed at enabling **continuous quality improvement**, highly **scalable solutions**, and achievement of **sustainable breakthrough performance**.

## Institute Programs

- National Quality Conference
- Quality Leader Development and Quality Vice President Onboarding
- Quality Professional Fellowship
- Improvement Sciences
- Rapid Improvement Model (RIM+)
- Associate Improvement Advisor
- Improvement Advisor
- Lean Six Sigma Black Belt
- Human Centered Design
- Advanced Patient Safety
- Process Improvement (PI) Leadership Training



Comprised of an **integrated team** of educators, delivery operation specialists, and performance excellence advisors that **utilize standardized framework** to assess, design, test, spread, and sustain effective practices.

3,825

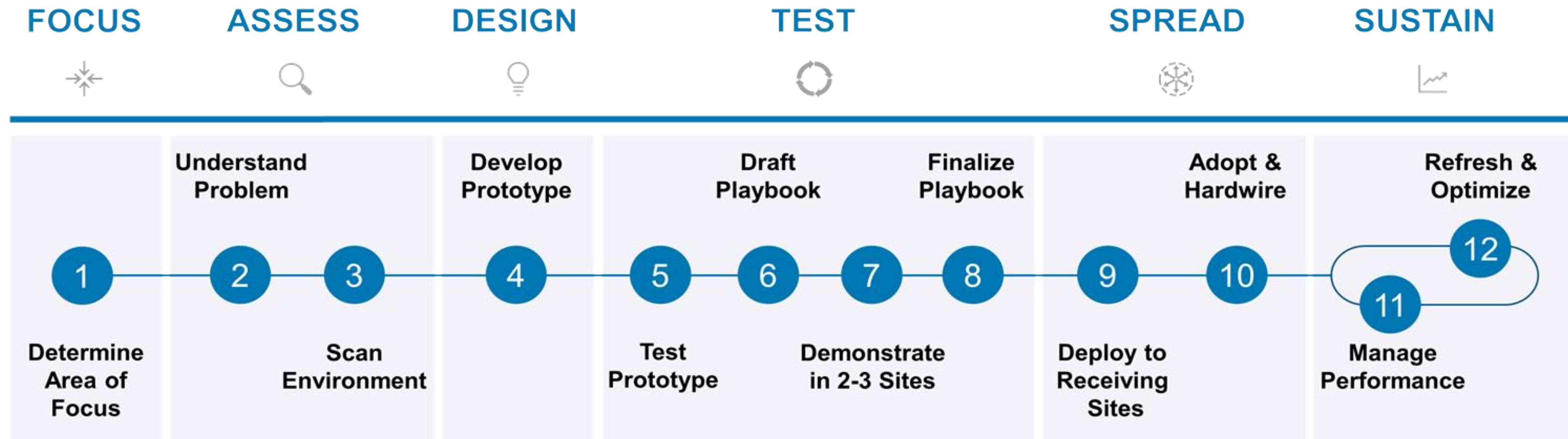
EXPERTS  
TRAINED

STUDENT  
PROJECT  
SAVINGS

\$567M

# Xcelerating Learning & Spread (XLS) 2.0 Model

XLS 2.0 is a framework that defines standard work to assess, design, test, spread, and sustain effective practices across Kaiser Permanente. It includes standard work, defined roles, tools and templates, and clear accountabilities and pathways for efficient decision making.



- Builds on current PI framework to leverage organizational capability
- Defines key roles and responsibilities to clarify accountabilities and escalation pathways
- Reduces variation in developing and testing playbooks and spreading practices across regions
- Promotes consistent measurement and data to demonstrate improvement and results



# 12 Standard Work Steps, Easy to Follow Instructions, Job Aids, and Tools / Resources

High level description, accountable role, key questions, inputs & outputs / deliverables

TEST

6. Create Draft Spread Playbook

Develop a spread playbook that includes all of the practice details, tools and instructions needed to spread the practice.

ACCOUNTABLE ROLE

- Spread Playbook Author

KEY QUESTIONS

- What are the key elements of the practice to be included in the spread playbook?

INPUTS

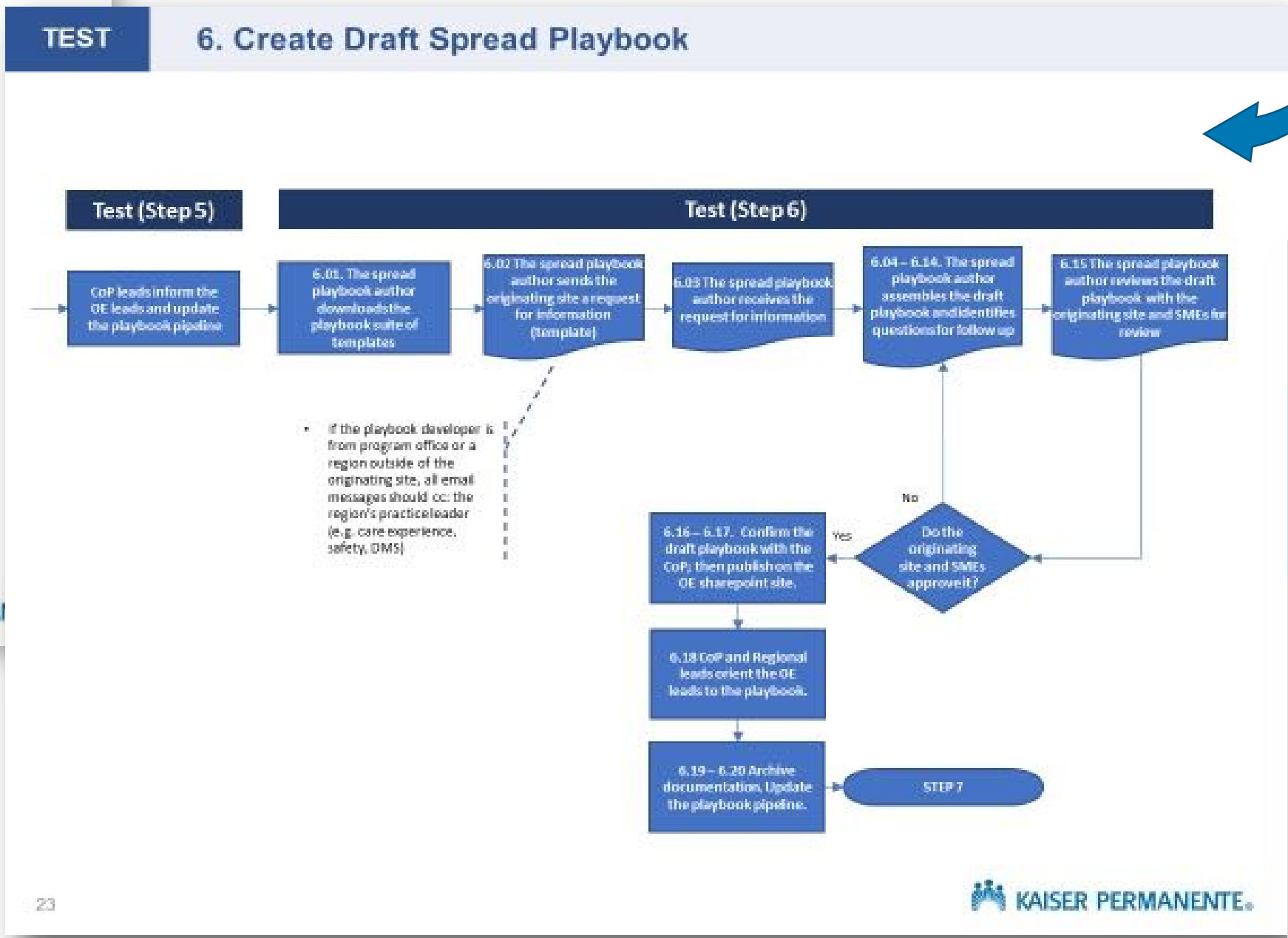
- Updated Support Materials

OUTPUTS / DELIVERABLES

- Draft spread playbook developed, approved, and published.

KAISER PERMANENTE

Visual process map with decision points including standard work



SharePoint Program repository that includes files, tools, and videos

XL

Xcelerated Learning and Spread Program (XLS 2.0)

[Home](#) [About The Program](#) [Student Portal](#) [Training Materials](#) [XLS Tools](#) [XLS Videos](#) [The Improvement Institute](#) [Institute Calendar and News](#) [H2Q Department Links](#) [Edit](#)

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The XLS 2.0 program is focused on developing critical capabilities and capacity that implement strategic practices across Kaiser Permanente for improved and sustainable clinical and business results. The XLS 2.0 model utilizes Kaiser's Improvement Institute methodologies & tools to evaluate, test, create best practices, then spread those effective sustainable practices across Kaiser Permanente.

ABOUT THE PROGRAM

STUDENT PORTAL

TRAINING MATERIALS

TOOLS

VIDEOS

INSTITUTE CALENDAR



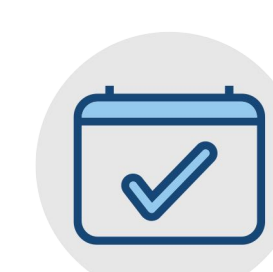
### KEY QUESTIONS

- Where do we need to make strategic progress?
- What are our clinical, operational and breakthrough strategies?
- Are we willing to commit resources?



### DELIVERABLES

- Focus area and key priorities linked to Strategic Plan/Operating Plan
- Project Sponsor and decision-making body defined
- Criteria to prioritize portfolio of work



### STANDARD WORK

- Determine areas of focus.



2X2 Matrix  
Driver Diagram  
SWOT Analysis



# Cost of Harm

- Surgical site infections (SSIs) are the most common hospital-acquired infection in surgical patients.
  - Annual cost of SSI in the United States is **\$3.5 to \$10 Billion**
  - SSIs on average increase the hospital length of stay by **9.7 days**
  - SSIs resulted in approximately **90,000** readmissions adding an additional **\$700 million** in annual costs.
  - SSI reduction efforts are a major quality-improvement priority for surgeons, and healthcare organizations.
- 
- An estimated **60 %** of SSI's are projected to be **preventable** with the use of evidence-based measures

## Margaret's Story



- Margaret is a nurse, single mom of two girls
- Original Left Hip Replacement Surgery December 2013, 2 ½ weeks later dislocated the left hip
- 6-8 weeks later had increasing pain was sent to PT
- Aug 2014 c/o excruciating pain was sent to pain clinic and PT
- By Jan 2015 could not bear weight after 8 different providers was finally diagnosed with loose hardware caused by infection
- Return to the OR to remove hardware and PICC line placed for 6 weeks of antibiotics
- Aug 2015 Return to the OR for left hip replacement





### KEY QUESTIONS

- What is the problem?
- What is the customer/user experience?
- What are the drivers and effective practices that lead to high performance?



### DELIVERABLES

- Problem definition
- Resource plan
- Prioritized opportunity list
- Customer and stakeholder perspectives
- Draft project charter



### STANDARD WORK

- Understand the problem
- Scan the environment



Project Charter  
 Process Map/Fishbone Diagram  
 Stakeholder Analysis  
 Literature Review Template



**“If you define the problem correctly,  
you almost have the solution.”**  
– Steve Jobs





## KEY QUESTIONS

- Which solutions might delight patients and members?
- How does this change the current process?
- What can we stop doing?



## DELIVERABLES

- Practice prototype (workflows, tool kits, measurement, staffing and support plans)
- Draft plan for testing
- Stakeholder and communications plan



## STANDARD WORK

- Design the prototype



Update Project Charter  
Voice of the Customer  
SMART Goal Guidance  
Draft Playbook

## Hand Hygiene

- Accurately apply hand hygiene techniques during the preoperative encounter

## Weight & Temp

- Collect patient weight and temps on all patients

## Glucose Monitoring

- Assess glucose levels (finger stick) on all patients

## CO Monitoring

- Assess CO levels when orders are written

## CHG Wipes

- RN to apply CHG wipes and perform skin assessment

## Hair Clipping

- Perform hair clipping only when required

## Warming Device

- Apply a warming device to all patients



# Make sure your staff understand the “WHY”

Preop

Hair Clipping

GOAL: Remove hair by clippers only when necessary and outside of the OR

Stakeholders

- Preop RN
- PCT
- CNA
- PA
- Surgeon
- Patient

Process Metrics

- % clipped in Preop
- % clipped in OR

Resources

- Clipping Check List
- Clipping Competency
- Clipping Binder
- Clipping guide & Carefusion instructions

Who?

- The RN, PCT, CNA, PA, and Surgeon can perform the activity

When?

- Hair at the surgical site should be left in place unless it interferes with the surgical procedure.
- Clipping is performed after patient admission to the pre-op unit and before application of CHG wipes

Where?

- Clipping should only take place in the pre-op unit
- Exclusions to this rule include:
  - Emergent cases/situations
  - Patients with extreme anxiety
  - Special procedures (e.g. neurosurgery or urogynecology)

Why?

- Hair clipping is conducted to decrease the risk of SSI in patients where hair is likely to enter the surgical field without clipping

How?

- See clipping guide and binder

Where and How to Document?

- In the Preop Checklist
- Under the “Pre Op Hair Removal section
- Select “clippers” or “vacuum assisted clippers”
- Only document hair clipping in optime when clipping is performed in the OR

Preop Checklist

03/28/17 1500

Pre Op Hair Removal

Select Multiple Options: (F5)

Clippers

Vacuum Assisted Clippers

Repeating

N/A - No Hair Removal Required

Other

Patient Performed Own Hair Removal

Scrotal - Razor For Scrotal Area


Scalp - Razor For Scalp After Traumat

Scissors

Comment (F5)

8

19



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IMPROVEMENT  
INSTITUTE

# Draw a Pig

Pick up the blank sheet of paper that was handed out to you.

Draw a pig  
You have 40 seconds....

GO!





- This time use the paper with the grid on it and follow the instructions on the screen.
- You have 3 minutes total (1 ½ minutes per slide).




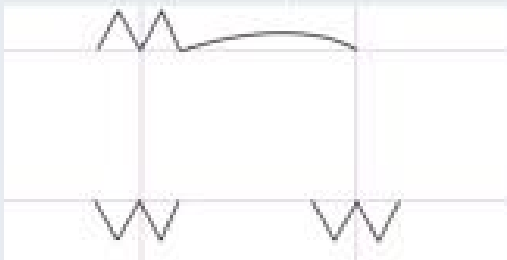
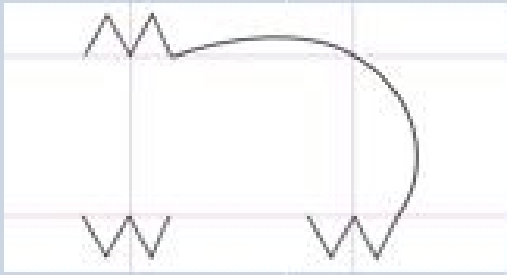
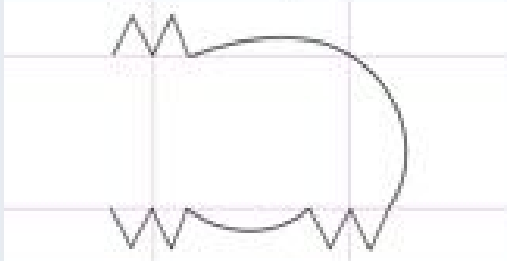


**Operation: Pig Picture Drawing      Staff Requirements: 1 Artist    Tools: 1 Blue or Black Pen    Materials: 1 Blank Sheet of Paper with Tic-Tac-Toe Grid**

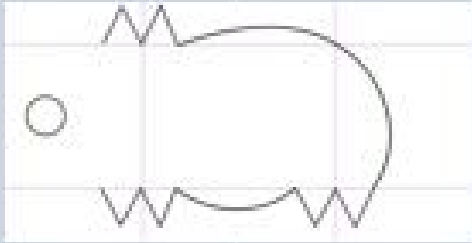
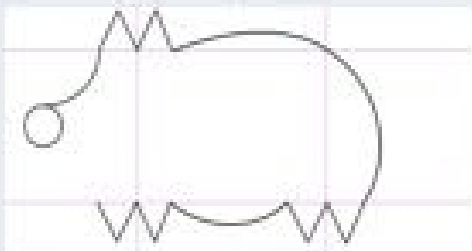
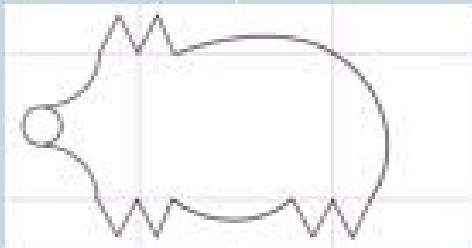
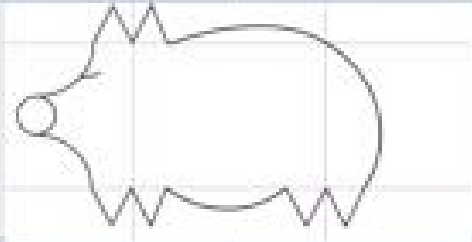

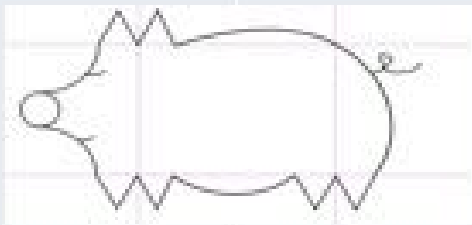

#	Instruction
1	Ears- Draw a letter M at the top left grid intersection. The bottom center of M touches the intersection.
2	Front Legs- Draw the letter W at the bottom left grid intersection. The top center of W touches the intersection.
3	Hind Legs- Draw the letter W at the bottom right grid intersection. The top center of W touches the intersection.
4	Back- Draw an arc (Rounded side up) from the letter M to the top right grid intersection.
5	Rump- Draw another arc (Rounded side Right) from the top right grid intersection to the right side of the bottom right W.
6	Belly- From the right corner of the W on the left, draw an arc (Rounded Side Down) to the top left corner of the W on the Right.



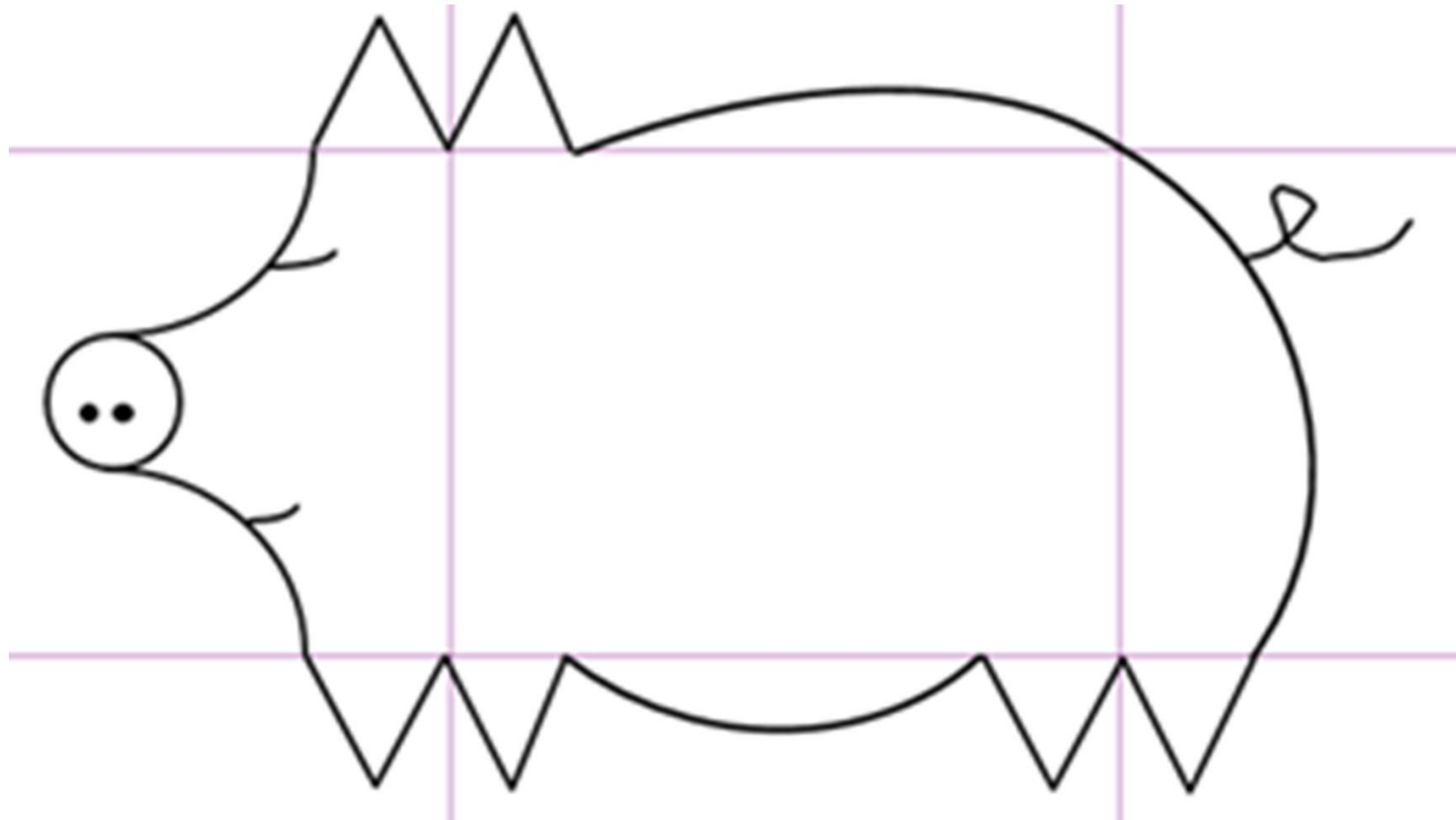
Step	Instruction
7	Nose- Draw the letter O in the center left box with a diameter about $\frac{1}{4}$ the height of the left box
8	Forehead- Draw an arc (Rounded side Down and Right) from the bottom left corner of the letter M to the top of the circle.
9	Chin- Draw an arc (rounded side up and right) from the left side of the left W to the bottom of the circle.
10	Eyes- Draw an arc for the eye halfway between the M and the circle.
11	Mouth- Draw an arc for the mouth halfway between W and circle. (It must be a happy pig!!)
12	Tail- Draw the tail using a cursive letter e near the top of arc on the right.
13	Nostrils- And finally, draw two dots in the middle of the circle for the pig's nose.

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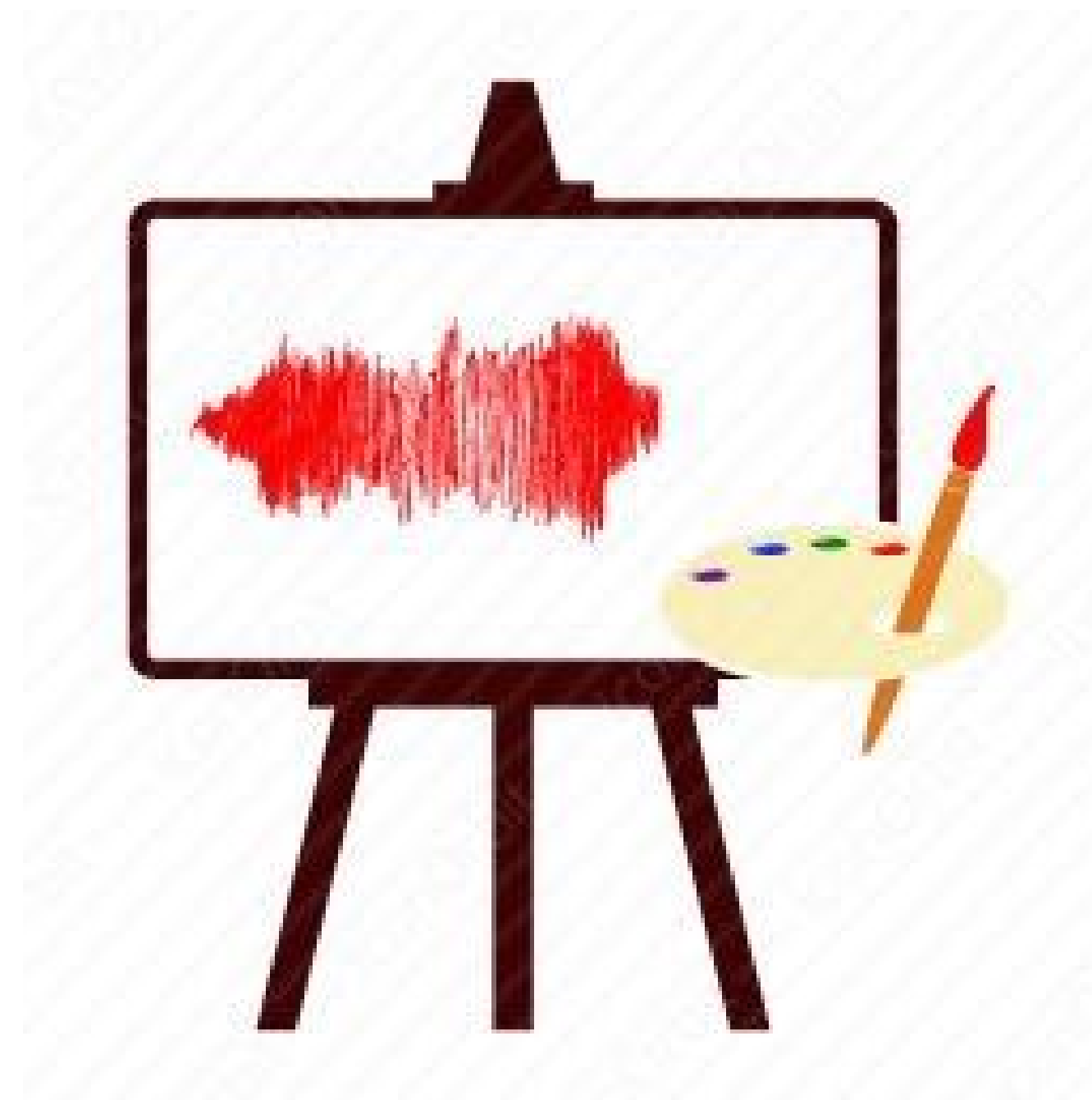
Does your pig now look like this?





## Adding visual management to your standard work will:

- Improve understanding of the best practices and the correct execution of each step
- Provide a clear picture of what the “end” is supposed to look like
- Decrease training time and reduce the learning curve for new staff
- Make the standard easy to see



# Resources for Frontline Staff



HealthStream  
Modules



Resource  
Binder Guides

**KAISER PERMANENTE** PERIOPERATIVE SERVICES – NCAL REGIONAL PCS  
CHG WIPE FULL BODY  
COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT

Competency: Prep Chlorhexidine Gluconate CHG Wipes. Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Employee: \_\_\_\_\_ Facility: \_\_\_\_\_  
Employee NUG: \_\_\_\_\_ Unit: \_\_\_\_\_

Method of Competency Verification:  
(O) – Observation, (V) – Verbalization, (PT) – Post Test, (D) – Demonstration

Instructions:

- Read steps before starting the checklist. Check the box when step is completed.
- Use multiple CHG packages as needed.
- Use new CHG cloths for steps 8 through 14.

Components of Competency	Method of Verification	Competency Verification Date/Initials	Learning Objective
	O, V, PT, D		
<b>CHG Wipes Full Body:</b>			
1. Verify precautions when using CHG wipes			
a. Not to be used above the facial jaw line.			
b. Not to come in contact on eyes, ears and mucous membranes.			
c. Not to be used on infants less than 2 months of age.			
2. Gather packages of CHG wipes and open gloves. If packages are removed from the CHG wrapping unit:			
a. Check warmer temperature (not to exceed 325 degrees Fahrenheit)			
b. Check expiration date (does not exceed 96 hours from the time package was placed in the warmer)			
3. Identify patient with 2 patient identifiers, verify allergies and educate patient that CHG wipes applied pre-operatively reduce the risk of SSI.			
4. Provide patient privacy, perform hand hygiene, don non-sterile gloves, and open packages.			
5. Assess patient skin integrity before applying the first CHG wipe.			

Checklists &  
Competencies





## KEY QUESTIONS

- Does the practice produce the desired results?
- Is the practice ready for spread?
- What are the key elements of the practice to be included in the spread playbook?
- Does the practice produce desired results in other arenas?



## DELIVERABLES

- Learning cycles and test plans
- Draft plan to go from 1 to 2-3 sites
- Measurement, staffing and support plans
- Playbook and implementation plans finalized
- Toolkits and supporting materials updated
- Spread readiness evaluation



## STANDARD WORK

- Test the prototype
- Evaluate for Spread readiness
- Create draft spread playbook
- Test draft playbook in 2-3 sites
- Finalize Playbook



PDSA planning Template  
Spread Readiness Assessment  
Finalize Playbook

# Results



**22% Reduction  
in SSI**





## KEY QUESTIONS

- What must we do to fully integrate into operations?
- Is system performance improved?



## DELIVERABLES

- Regional spread plan
- Change Management and communications plans
- Standardized technology, products, staffing models



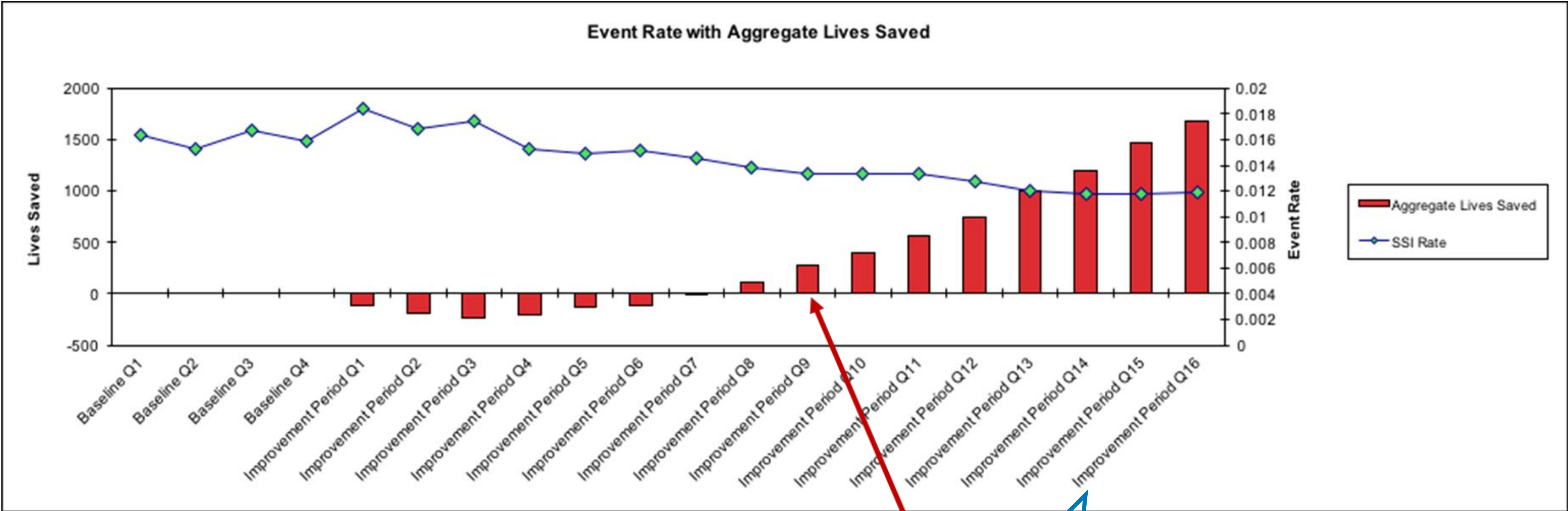
## STANDARD WORK

- Deploy to receiving sites
- Adopt the practice
- Hardwire changes into daily operations



Receiving Site Readiness Assessment  
Spread Approach Reference Guide  
Control Chart Rules

# Return on Investment isn't always \$\$



Current Status  
250 Lives  
Saved



# The Role of the DNP

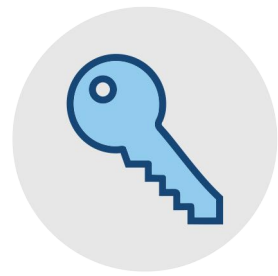


Publish

Publish

Publish

Publish



## KEY QUESTIONS

- What is needed to regularly manage performance and detect drift from the process?
- Is there a plan to respond to drift?
- Is there new evidence in the literature or an effective practice to support a refresh?



## DELIVERABLES

- A system is in place to measure, monitor and manage performance, detect and respond to drift (Control & Sustain plans)



## STANDARD WORK

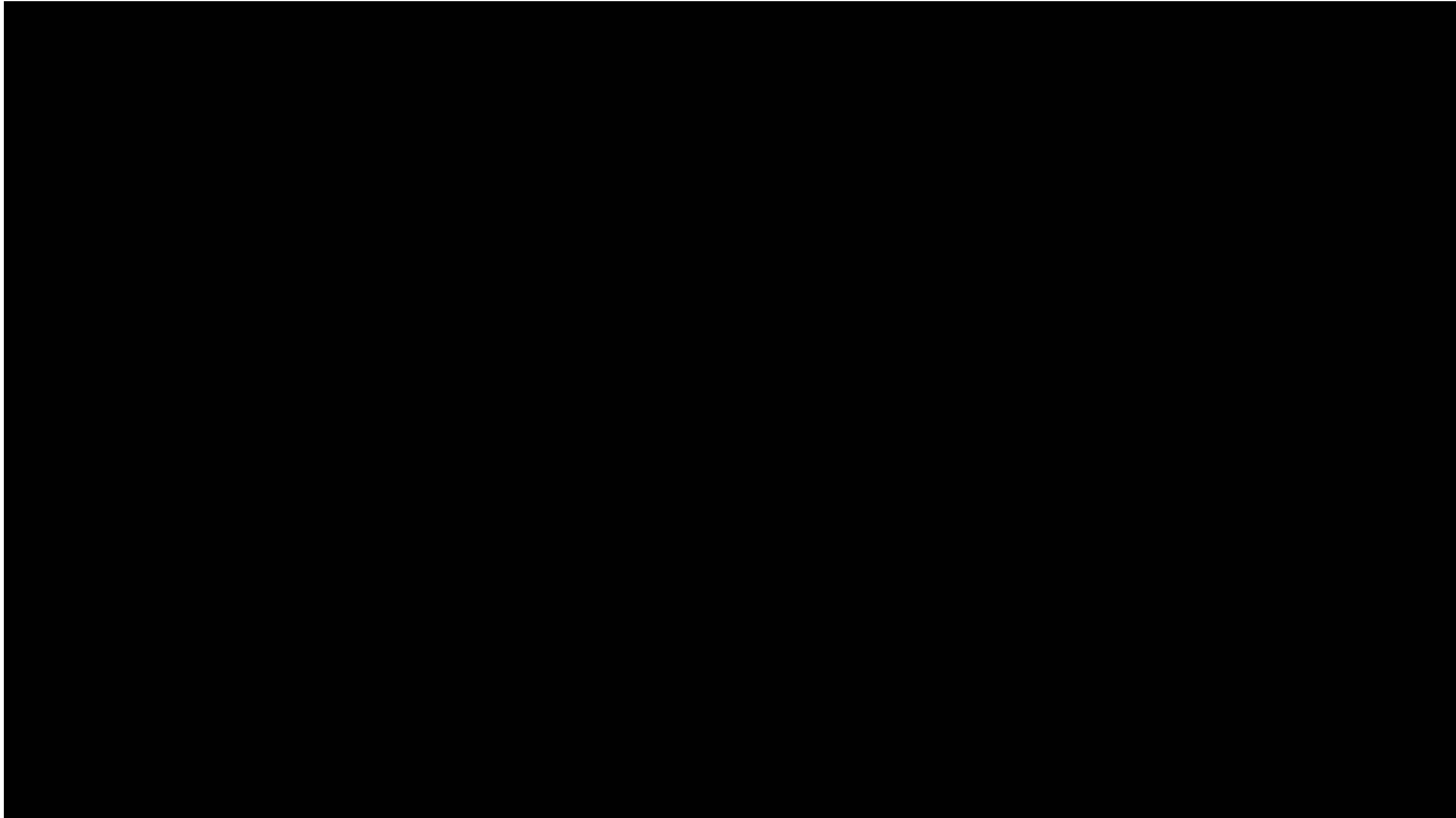
- Manage Performance
- Respond to drift
- Refresh and optimize



Control Chart Rules  
Drift Plan  
Literature Review



# Xcelerating Learning & Spread (XLS) 2.0 Model





“It’s more important that you do it the **same way** than what ***you think*** is the right way.”

Brent James M.D.



# Thank you!

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