

Population Identical Workforce

value through diversity

Sonya Moore, DNP, CRNA Assistant Professor, Nurse Anesthesia Program Director







FRANCES PAYNE BOLTON SCHOOL OF NURSING

Learning Objectives

- 1. Discuss the association between historical events and the progression towards diversity
- 2. Highlight trends that necessitate a population identical workforce
- 3. Call out unyielding challenges
- 4. Discuss impactful strategies to achieve a population identical workforce





Learning Objectives

- 1. Discuss the association between historical events and the progression towards diversity
- 2. Highlight trends that necessitate a population identical workforce
- 3. Call out unyielding challenges
- 4. Discuss impactful strategies to achieve a population identical workforce







1933

New Deal provides opportunity for all

Including minorities



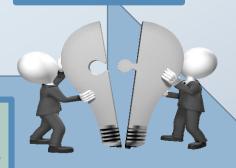
1990

Legislation to provide protections regarding disabled and health insurance

(ADA & HIPAA)



Solution?



1914-1919 Employment

for women

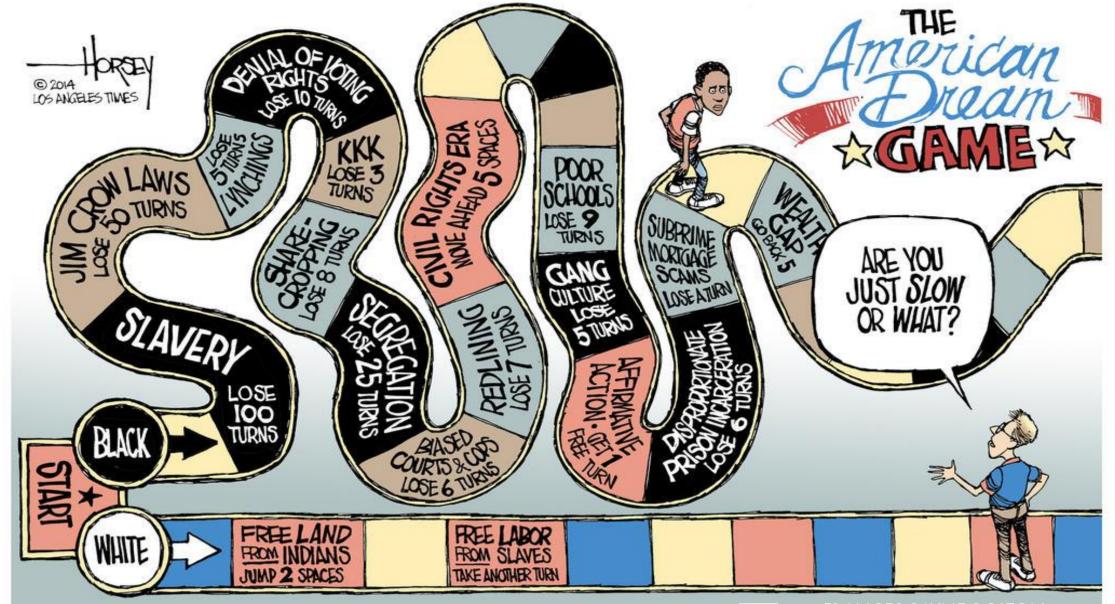
1954 - 1968

Civil Rights
Movement
creates legal
protections based
on sex, age, race,
ethnicity and
religion



2013-2015

Formation of Black Lives
Matter
Movement and the attempted repeal of Affirmative Action laws





Learning Objectives

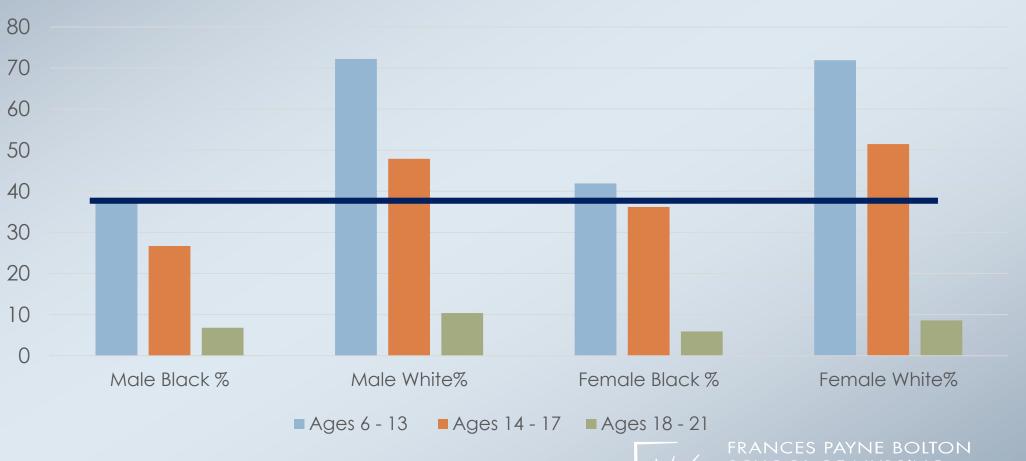
- 1. Discuss the association between historical events and the progression towards diversity
- 2. Discuss trends that necessitate a population identical workforce
- 3. Call out unyielding challenges
- 4. Discuss impactful strategies to achieve a population identical workforce





Opportunity in Education 1900's

Percentage Attended School By Age





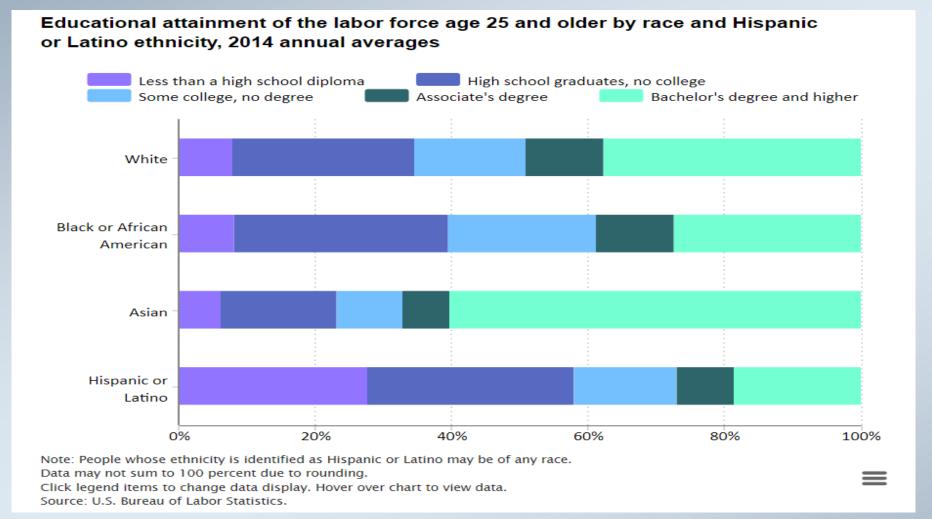
Opportunity in Education, 1990s

Percentage Attending School by Age



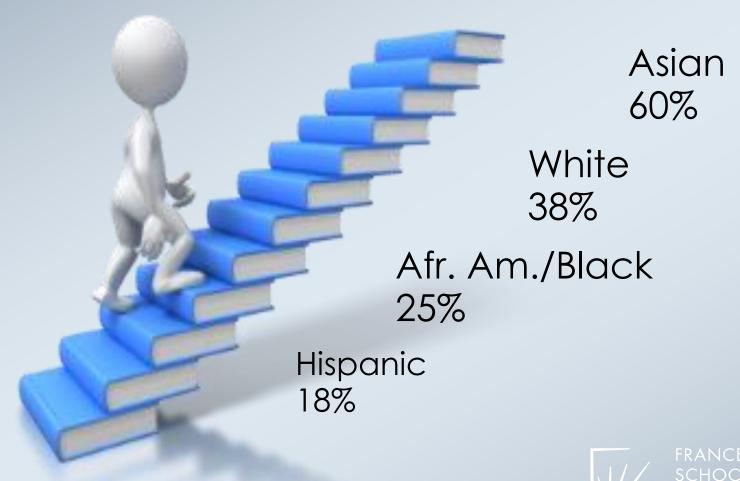


Opportunity in Education, 2014



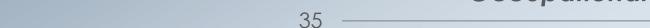


Education - Bachelors & Higher

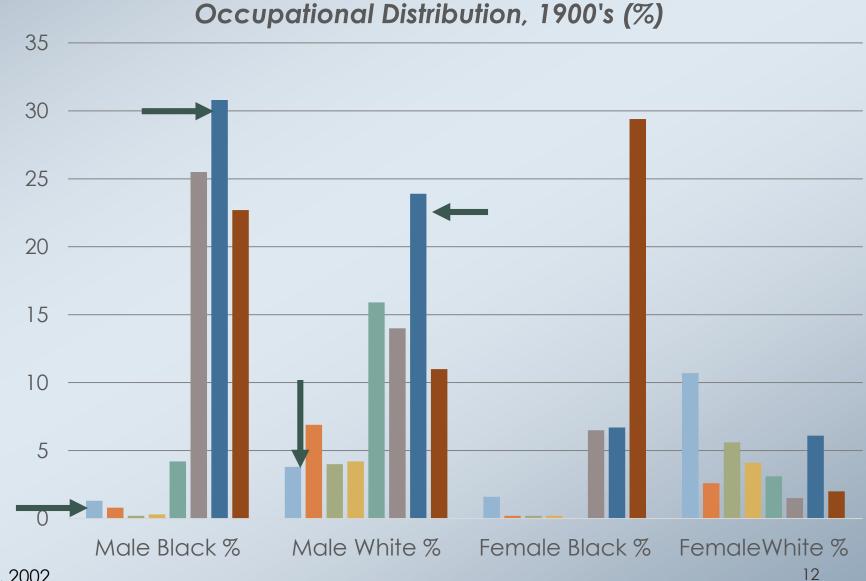


US Bureau labor Statistics, 2014

History of Minority Opportunity, 1900's



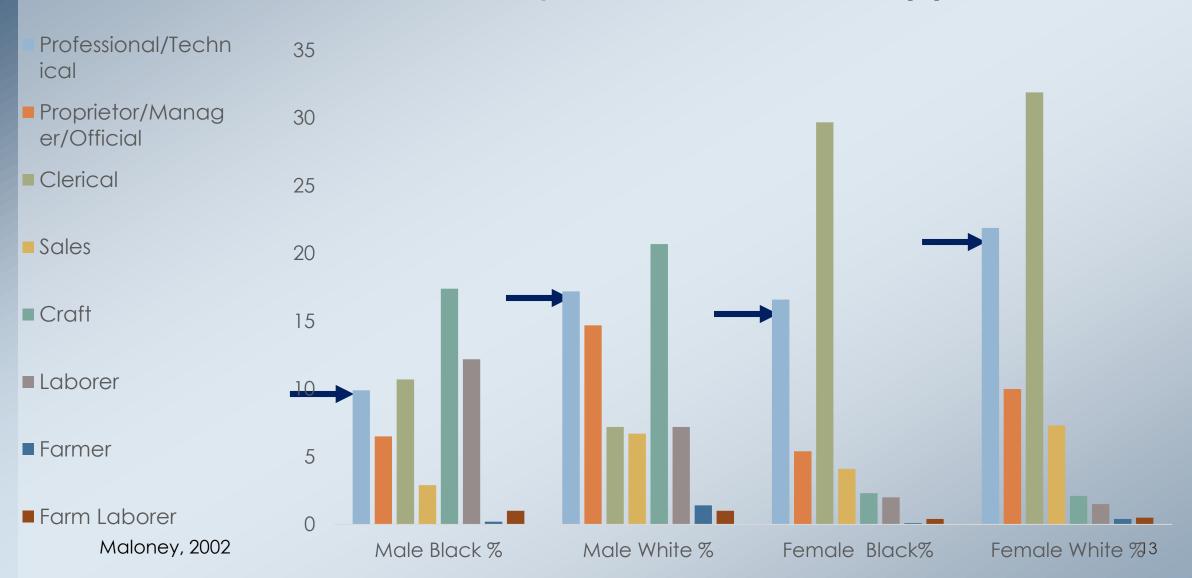
- Professional/Technical
- Proprietor/Manager/ Official
- Clerical
- Sales
- Craft
- Laborer
- Farmer
- Farm Laborer



Maloney, 2002

History of Minority Opportunity, 1990's

Occupational Distribution, 1990's (%)



Disparities Between Preparation & Opportunity 1940s – 1950s

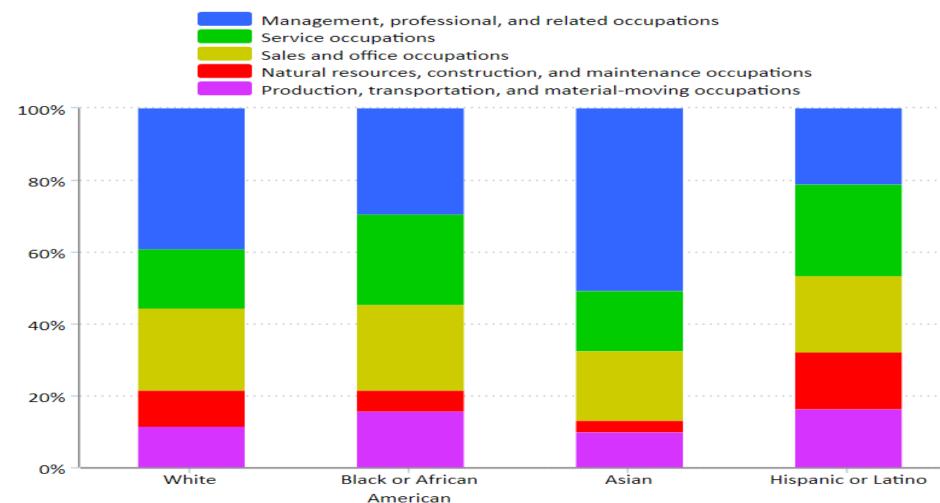
		(CD)
Degree Earned	Actual Occupation	
Engineering	Clerk	N
Architecture	Roofer / Construction	
Registered Nurse	Nurses Aid	(h)





Occupation Opportunity, 2014

Employed people by occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2014 annual averages





Note: People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Data may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

Click legend items to change data display. Hover over chart to view data.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Employment Success, Management by Race



The United States Census Bureau

Ethnic Groups	2004	2014	2050
Population in millions	298	318	438
African American, %	14	14	14
Asian, %	3.6	5	8.2
Hispanic, %	12	17	29
Native/Alaskan Indian, %	0.75	1.7	2
White, %	75	63	43





Learning Objectives

- 1. Discuss the association between historical events and the progression towards diversity
- 2. Discuss trends that necessitate a population identical workforce
- 3. Call out unyielding challenges
- 4. Discuss impactful strategies to achieve a population identical workforce





U.S. Health Occupations by Sex, 2011-2015

	<u> Male (%)</u>	Female (%)	<u>Total Workforce</u> ²
U.S. Workforce ²	52.8	47.2	159,824,883
Health [Diagnosing and Trea	ting Practitioners Occ	<u>upations</u>
Advanced Practice	14.9	85.1	152,629
Registered Nurses ⁴			
Pharmacists	45.5	54.5	316,183
Physician Assistants	32.2	67.8	125,771
Occupational Therapists	9.7	90.3	108,412
Physical Therapists	29.2	70.8	235,238
Respiratory Therapists	35.4	64.6	118,675
Speech-Language Pathologists	4.0	96.0	156,512
Registered Nurses	9.6	90.4	3,327,165



U.S. Health Occupations by Race/Ethnicity, 2011-2015

	Non-Hispanic				
	Hispanic	White	Black	Asian	American Indian/ Native Alaska Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Other
Advanced Practice Registered Nurses ⁴	4.5	84.0	5.7	4.1	1.5
Pharmacists	3.7	70.4	5.9	17.9	2.1
Physician Assistants	10.0	72.7	7.1	7.3	2.8
Occupational Therapists	4.0	83.8	4.4	6.6	1.3
Physical Therapists	4.8	77.8	4.4	11.1	1.9
Respiratory Therapists	7.9	70.1	12.8	7.0	2.2
Registered Nurses	5.7	73.5	10.4	8.4	2.0



U.S. Health Occupations by Race/Ethnicity, 2011-2015 (continued)

		Non-Hispanic					
Hispanic		White	Black	Asian	American Indian/ Alaska Native	Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	Multiple/ Other Race
Healthcare Sup	oport Occu	pations					
Dental Assistants	22.7	62.1	6.9	5.5	0.7	0.1	2.1
Medical Assistants	26.1	53.6	13.4	4.2	0.5	0.3	1.9
Nursing, Psychiatric and Home Health Aides	13.7	46.8	32.0	4.5	0.8	0.2	2.1
Physical Therapist Assistants and Aides	8.9	76.0	7.1	5.3	0.5	(0.2)	2.1



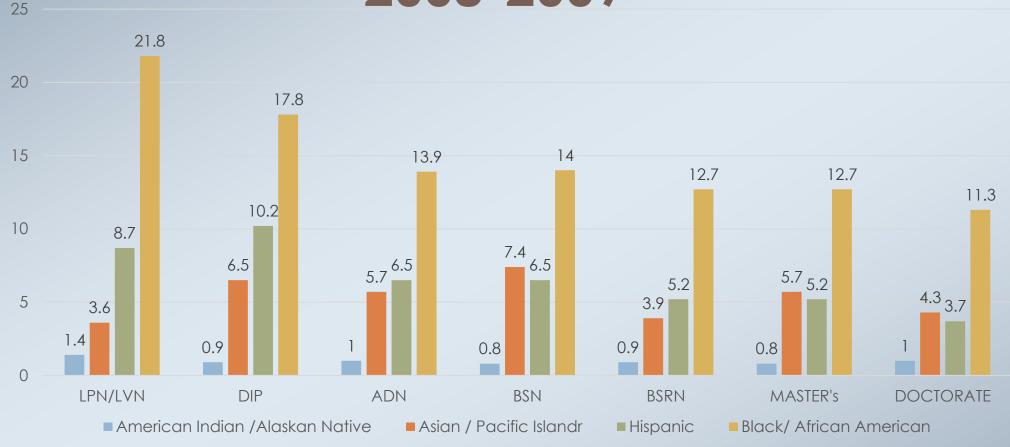
Minority APRN Representation

	White, Non-Hispanic (%)	Black/African American, Non-Hispanic (%)	Hispanic/Latino , Any race (%)	Asian, Non-Hispanic (%)
Employed nurses	82.2	5.6	3.9	5.8
All advanced-practice nurses	83.3	6.3	3.5	4.2
Nurse practitioners	84.1	5.8	3.9	3.5
Clinical nurse specialists	87.9			
Nurse midwives	57.0	21.8		
Nurse Anesthetists	89.7			

FRANCES PAYNE BOLTON
SCHOOL OF NURSING

CASE WESTERN RESERVE
U N I V E R S I T Y

Percentage of Minority Students Enrolled in Nursing Programs 2008-2009



Adapted from: Percentage of minority students enrolled in nursing programs by race/ethnicity and program type, 2008 – 2009. Adapted from the Institute of Medicine The Future of Nursing: Focus on Education (2010).

http://www.iom.edu/~media/files/reportfiles/2010/The-Future-Of-Nursing-Education 2010 Brief.pdf



Situational Report

Ethnic parity does not exist in the Nursing Profession:

- 16.9% minority representation in the profession
- 38.5% minority population





Barriers

- Lack of minority faculty for mentorship
- Lack of knowledge
- Financing education
- Awareness





MISSING PERSONS: MINORITIES IN THE HEALTH PROFESSIONS

A REPORT OF THE SULLIVAN COMMISSION ON DIVERSITY IN THE HEALTHCARE WORKFORCE

2004



THE SULLIVAN COMMISSION

2013

Achieving Health Equity through Nursing Workforce Diversity

Eleventh Report to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Congress

NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL ON

NURSE EDUCATION AND PRACTICE

(NACNEP)

Based on the 123rd and 124th Meetings of the NACNEP

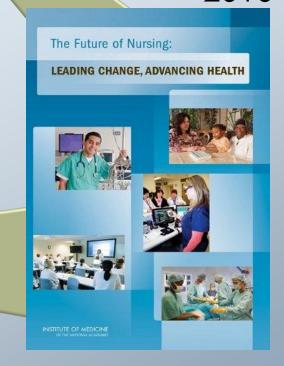
2013

1



Diversity, Inclusion, & Equity in Academic Nursing 1997, 2017

2010







Methods

- Research design: A prospective comparative descriptive design
- Sample: A convenience nonprobability sample
- Setting: A public ADN program, a public BSN program, and a private BSN program
- Inclusion criteria: Traditional freshman nursing student at a participating institution.
- Exclusion criteria: < 18 years of age, non traditional freshman



Methods

Instrument

- 30 item developed survey
 - 8 demographic items
 - 22 educational preparation, awareness and intention items.

Procedure

- IRB and institution approval: primary and secondary
- Distribution of survey via Qualtrics

Data Analysis

- Descriptive statistics (frequencies and central tendencies)
- Two-way chi-square to examine differences



Awareness of Advanced Practice (n = 116)

	Minority	Non-minority	
	n (%)	n (%)	
Provided information on Advanced	•		
Practice roles:	1 4 / 4 / 7\	25 (40.7)	
Nurse Practitioner	14 (46.7)	35 (40.7)	
Nurse Midwifery	10 (33.3)	15(17.4)	
Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist	8 (26.7)	21 (24.4)	
Other	16 (53.3)	48 (55.8)	
Some knowledge of Advanced Practice	23 (76.6)	56 (65)	
Nursing roles:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
What age did you become aware Nurse			
Anesthesia:	3 (10)	2 (2.3)	
Before High school	13(43.3)	44 (51.2)	
During High School	14 (46.7)	40 (46.5)	FRA1
Never	•		SCH SCH
How much do you know about Nurse			CA
Anesthesia admission requirements	11 (36.6)	37 (43)	UN
(some awareness):	11 (00.0)	3, (13)	
(301116 awareness).			

Factors Influencing Pursuit of Graduate Education (n = 116)

raciois inhoencing	1012	on or Graduate Laucanon (n	<u> </u>
Factor	n (%)	Factor	n (%)
Advice on preparing for college: Satisfactory amount Unsatisfactory amount	69 (59.5) 47 (40.5)	Information on paying for college: Yes No	78 (67.2) 38 (32.8)
Sufficient preparation for college: Yes No	55 (47.4) 61 (52.6)	Received career counseling: Yes No	34 (29.3) 82 (70.7)
Source of advice (multi-source selected): Parents Friends High school counselor Teacher Nurse Other	77 (66.4) 66 (56.9) 63 (54.3) 63 (54.3) 19 (16.4) 28 (24.1)	Age aware of nursing as a career choice: Grade school Middle school High school	27 (23.3) 14 (12.1) 75 (64.6)
Advised to take: College Prep Advanced Placement	65 (56) 61 (52.6)	Did high school adequately prepared you for graduate school: Yes No	39 (33.6) 77 (66.4)
Percent taking: Advanced placement courses College courses Calculus	64 (55.2) 31 (26.7) 40 (34.5)	What is the appropriate time to receive information on APN and NA roles: Before high school During High school Nursing School	6 (5.2) 55 (47.4) 55 (47.4)
Information on college application: Yes No FRANCES PAYNE BOLTON SCHOOL OF NURSING CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY	93 (80.2) 23 (19.8)	Who should provide information on APN and NA roles: Parents Friends High school counselor Teacher Other	5 (4.3) 1 (0.9) 56 (48.3) 391 (33.6) 15 (12.9)

Facilitators

- Parents (higher education vs no higher education)
- Teachers

- Guidance Counselors





Learning Objectives

- 1. Discuss the association between historical events and the progression towards diversity
- 2. Discuss trends that necessitate a population identical workforce
- 3. Call out unyielding challenges
- 4. Discuss impactful strategies to achieve a population identical workforce







The Provost Scholars Program is a partnership between Case Western Reserve Univand East Cleveland City Schools.













Guidance Counselor Info/ Course plotting

Career Days



Accessible Info/





Opportunity

Shadowing

Boot Camps

Scholarships



Provost Scholars

Diversity CRNA

Mentors





and East Cleveland City Schools.







Provost Scholars

Diversity CRNA

Mentors



Shadowing

Boot Camps

Scholarships



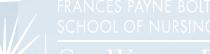
Family Information sessions

Family

Education

Guidance Counselor Info/ Course plotting

Accessible Info/ Career Days



Case Western Reserv

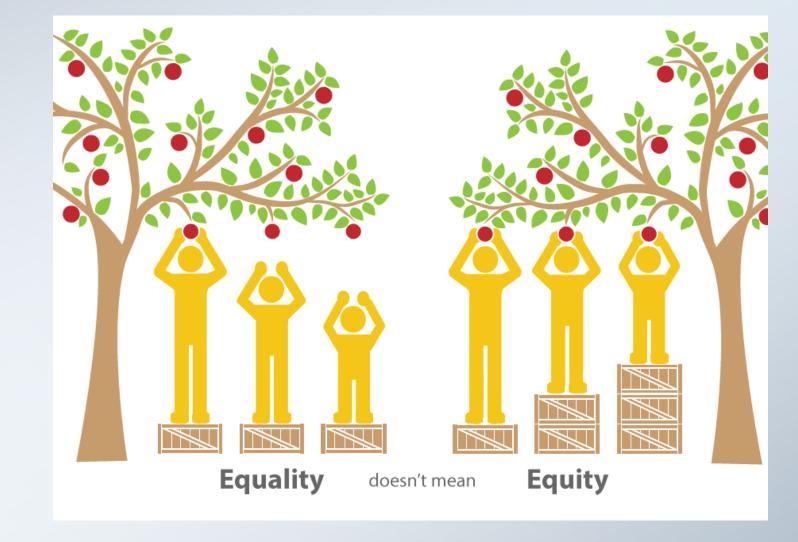
"The first step ... is to believe ... that high expectations are for all students. I believe intelligence is equally distributed throughout the world, but opportunity is not. And the same is true within our own country."

~President William J. Clinton, remarks at the White House Strategy Session

rances Payne Bolton on Improving Hispanic Student Achievement



Thank You!







Reference List Furnished Upon Request

