

# Implementation of a Hereditary Breast and Ovarian Cancer Genetic Testing Clinical Toolkit to Improve Provider Confidence and Screening



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## **Project Background**

- ≽General population risks can be up to 8-12% for breast cancer and 1% for ovarian cancer (CDC, 2014) .
- ➤Breast cancer is the most common cancer in women, no matter your race or ethnicity (CDC, 2014).
- ≽Each year 20,000 women in the United States get ovarian cancer (CDC, 2014).
- >The estimated cost of ovarian cancer in 2010 was \$5.1 billion (CDC, 2014).
- ➤The estimated economic burden of breast cancer cases in 2009 was \$28 billion (Jbilou, 2009)
- >Many primary care providers have decreased confidence and knowledge to provide panel HBOC genetic testing.

## Aims/Goals

#### Project Aims:

- Implement a clinical toolkit for HBOC genetic testing to increase knowledge and confidence among primary care providers
- 2. Identify patients at risk for HBOC syndrome and increase appropriate testing and appropriate medical management for those patients at risk.

## Project Goals:

- 1. Increase knowledge of HBOC testing through implementation of a clinical toolkit
- Goal: Have self- reported anonymous response by all providers that they have increased knowledge of testing and confidence
- 2. Successful Implementation of the clinical toolkit Goal: 50% of providers will have used toolkit > 5 times
- 3. Increase the number of patients screened for HBOC syndromes

Goal: 75 % of all patients who come in for their annual physicals will have proper cancer family screening 4. Increase the number of in- office tests of patients for HBOC syndromes

Goal: 50% of patients who meet the criteria for HBOC genetic testing will be screened

## Intervention

- > Patients who came in for annual physicals received a family history screening form assessing their cancer family history in the waiting room.
- >The medical assistant reviewed these screening forms, supervised by a provider.
- > If patient had a positive pertinent cancer family history, then an optional video was shown that gives information about HBOC genetic testing.
- >Patients were offered testing by the provider and, if they decided to be tested, informed consent was obtained.
- > A 6-week follow-up medical management visit was booked, and patient was provided with comprehensive medical management plan based on test results.

# Process Map for Care



## **Genetic Testing/ Family History Form**



- >2 educational sessions were provided for 90 minutes to all providers from Myriad Genetics in addition to a clinical toolkit.
- >The treatment team consisted of 2 nurse practitioners.
- >The treatment team did the medical management visits once the results were calculated
- > The treatment team received an additional 90-minute educational session with the opportunity to do a proctorship with a genetic.
- >The time frame was May-October, 2015.

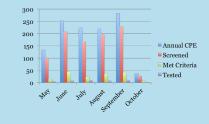
# **Project Evaluation**

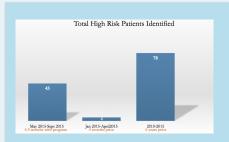
Metrics calculated every two weeks in excel were completed to assess:

- 1. How many patients had physicals?
- 2. How many filled out family history form?
- 3. How many met genetic testing criteria?
- 4. How many opted to test/or deferred?
- 5. How many had already been tested?

Provider Pre - and Post-Education Surveys were completed on Survey Monkey

## Results of metrics:





# Conclusion/ Implications for Practice

- > This healthcare improvement project had a major impact on patient care in this small suburban primary care setting, as well as patient practice with the providers.
- All of the providers found it useful to their practice and subjectively found meaning within their own practice models
- Some utilized it as a referral base and others provided the testing on their own.
- ➤ The strengths of the project included active engagement of medical providers in continuing education and utilization of toolkit
- Active patient engagement was noted through patients engaging with providers in filling out the family history form and therefore engaging in their care.