

Findings of the International Society of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurses DNP Task Force



Cynthia Handrup, DNP, PMHCNS, Bobbie Posmontier, PhD, CNM, PMHNP, Marian Newton, PhD, PMHNP, Dorit Breiter, DNP, PMHNP, Jeanne Cartier, PhD, Sattaria S. Dilks, DNP, PMHCNS, Catherine Kane, PhD, RN, FAAN, Judith Fry McComish, PhD, RN, Susan McCrone, Phd, PNHCNS, Noreen Esposito, EdD, WHNP, FNP.

Evolution of PMH-DNP

1933

- EdD Teachers College
- Advanced nurse educator practice

103/

PhD NYU – education and administration focused

105/

- PhD University of Pittsburgh
- Clinical focus

1955 - Hildegard Peplau

- 1st psych CNS program Rutgers University NJ
- Linked theoretical nursing to practice to improve patient care

1960

DNSc Boston University -PMH focus

1965 – Loretta Ford, Henry Silver

- First nurse practitioner roles established
- Addressed shortage of qualified physicians

1990 - 2000

- Innovation by Mary Mundinger, Dean Columbia University
- Late 1990s research found outcomes MSN APRNs = doctoral Physician outcomes
- Proposed DrNP which emphasized
- Direct clinical practice
- Translation evidence into practice

2001

- First official DNP program 2001 University of Kentucky
- Focus on clinical/executive management role advanced nursing practice
- Did not emphasize clinical practice
- Response to "Ivory Tower" research focused PhD
- Focus on translational clinical research similar to MD, PharmD, DPT

2011

- 72% APRN programs in US offering or planning DNP
- Enrollment increased by 20.6% in 135 programs in 2011
- 62% offering Post baccalaureate to DNP

2014

- Psych CNS phasing out in 2014
- Emphasis more staff development, consultation, therapy
- PMHNP more primary care, prescriptive authority, therapy

Current Pathways to DNP

- Generalist Masters
- Some programs have BSN to DNP
- Specialty Masters
- Postmasters certificate

2004 Mandate by ACNN

- Partnered with NONPF 2002 in AACN Taskforce on Clinical Practice
- DNP entry level by 2015
- Did not include all stakeholders
 - Left out ACNM, NACNS, AANP, ACNP, ANA, AANA
- AANA mandated doctoral level entry by 2025 but did not mandate DNP
- Stirred much controversy but not an option
- Most now endorse the change

Full Endorsements

- American Academy of Nurse Practitioners
- American College of Nurse Practitioners
- Association of Faculties of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
- National Association of Nurse Practitioners in Women's Health
- National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners
- National Conference of Gerontological Nurse Practitioners
- National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties

Partial Endorsements

- National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties
- Agrees with DNP entry, but does not endorse finite date
- Requirements for clinical hours should remain in domain of specialty organizations not the 1000 hours recommended by AACN
- American College of Nurse Midwives
- Supports the DNP for those who pursue it
- Opposes DNP as requirement for entry into practice
- Plans to develop own practice doctorate
- American Nurses Association endorses DNP as terminal nursing practice degree but does not endorse finite date
- American Association of Nurse Anesthetists endorse doctoral
- preparation by 2020 but does not have to be DNP

2011-12 ISPN Task Force Examined

- Current literature on DNP
- Statements by other nursing organizations
- Current pathways to DNP
- Impact on workforce
- Impact on Educational Institutions
- Clinical expertise
- Meeting patient needs
- Contextual changes since 2004
- IOM Future of Nursing Report, Forum on the Future of Nursing Education

Advantages of DNP Mandate

- Parity with other professions with practice doctorate
- Meets IOM recommendation that nurses should achieve higher levels of education and become full partners with physicians and other healthcare professionals
- Promotes more interdisciplinary collaboration
- DNP more accurately reflects clinical competencies of advanced practice PMH nurses
- Opportunity to improve patient care at individual and population levels
- Opportunity for DNP leaders to improve existing healthcare system
- Target date will set DNP entry in motion faster
- AACN has consortium ready to aid nursing programs in transition
- Market demand for DNP increasing –
- Need to cover healthcare of 30 million more Americans with Affordable Care Act
- Affordable Care Act
 Need more doctorally prepared faculty to teach PMH advanced
- Need more doctorally prepared faculty to teach PMH advanced practice nurses
- PMHCNS transitioning in 2014, so opportune time
- Prior practice doctorates (PharmD, DPT,etc. made quick transitions)
- Exponential growth in many nursing programs— many see advantages of clinical/professional doctorate
- Employers want best educated nurses
- Will replenish positions left by retiring faculty

Disadvantages of DNP Mandate

- Economic recession –
- Increased student financial burden
- Less financial support graduate education
- Compensation may not improve dramatically as DNP
- Takes too much time to produce DNP 3-4 years
- May not meet needs of +30 million American patients after Affordable Care Act takes effect
- Physician Assistants may fill the gap in meantime
- PMHNPS already provide exemplary care –why fix what is not broken?
 Disenfranchisement current MSNs?
- Few clinical sites for students
- No provision to certify nurse educators even though 30-50% of DNP graduates going into academic role
- AACN advises DNP graduates to take extra education courses
- Increased faculty burden
- Insufficient faculty to handle DNP education
- Current faculty may lack current clinical competence
- Lack of faculty mentorship
- No nursing residency programs to bridge the transition
- Certification agency for NPs (ANCC) has no current plans to transition certification more than MSN level.
- The current certifying body is the American Board of Comprehensive Care (ABCC) which only tests general medical knowledge based on the US medical licensure exam for physicians.

Disadvantages of DNP Mandate (continued)

•BSN level clinicians who transition directly to the DNP may not be able to provide the level of expertise found in current MSN prepared advanced practice psychiatric nurses

Varying levels nursing programs' abilities to make transition

- Financial/resource barriers
- Mentorship barriers
- -Enrollment could drop
- No individual DNP competency examinations to test specialty roles
- •No consensus on number of clinical hours for specialties
- Current mandate of 1000 hours may not apply to individual specialty
- Individual state regulations not in place
- •Does not reflect 2008 Consensus Model for APRN Regulation for licensure, accreditation, certification and education

ISPN DNP Task Force Recommendations

- We see the value of the PMH DNP to
- Better meet needs of patients
- Improve existing healthcare not
- Improve existing healthcare policies
 Increase parity with other doctorally prepared healthcare professions
- Increase access to care through increased practice autonomy
- We do not endorse a set date for transition because
- transition. These need to be individualized rather than dictated Current infrastructures (state, institutional, certification) are not

currently prepared to handle the DNP entry level transition

- Each nursing school and state has it's own set of issues to facilitate

- We believe that multiple educational pathways can be merged into one
- We endorse currently
 Existing masters and certificate programs continue to prepare

pathway in the future to articulate the BSN to DNP transition

- candidates in specialty practice
 Then students will enter DNP programs where they will obtain generalist DNP preparation and more expertise in specialty practice
- We endorse in the future that masters and post-masters certificate
- programs
- Will be absorbed into DNP curricula
 Students will obtain generalist and specialty DNP preparation
- Graduates of specialty DNP curricula (includes core DNP content) will be eligible for specialty DNP certification
- Graduates of specialty DNP curricula will then be eligible for individual state board of nursing licensure as DNP
- We recommend that the US certifying body for DNPs (American Nurses Credentialing Center – ANCC)
- Develop a certification examination that tests core DNP nursing knowledge
 Develop a mechanism to merge specialty practice examinations with
- the core DNP nursing examination
 We further recommend that the individual state boards of nursing create procedures for specialty DNP licensure to prepare for phasing out MSN

level APN licensure for advanced level PMH nursing practice

Contact information

ISPN
2424 America Lane, Madison, WI 53704

1-866-330-7227
Website: www.ispn-psych.org

Poster Presenters:
Cynthia Handrup, DNP, PMHCNS
chandrup@sbcglobal.net
Marian Newton, PhD, PMHNP
mnewton@su.edu

DNP Task Force Chair, 2011-12
Bobbie Posmontier, PhD, PMHNNP
bp98@drexel.edu